FACILITY NAME: Facility ID #

Instructions for Form Completion on Page 4

See Trauma Registry Inclusion Criteria Page 4

Co-morbid Condition Gut Feel

**** PLEASE WRITE	LEGIE	3LY! ****					_			
DEMOGRAPHIC Record # (Assigned by Hospital)				Record # (Assigned by State)						
Abstract Date Mo Day Year								Abstra	act completed by:	
Race				Soc	ial Security #		Sex		Date o	of Birth
White Asian Black NativeHawaiian/Pacific Hispanic Islander American Indian Other			(Last 4 digits only)			Male Female		Мо	Day Year	
How Arrived to			Name of EMS Service		Cause of Injury - Give as complete a description as					
PREHOSPITAL	REHOSPITAL Emergency Department				possible for etiology coding purposes.					
Prehospital trip	Ambula Helicop		Injury Date Injury Time							
sheet on chart?	Police Private	Vehicle			injury riine					
Y / N	Other	Vollidio			:					
f / N										
Place of Ir										
Home Industrial Place Public Building Farm Place for Sports/Recreation Residential Institution Mine/Quarry Street/Highway Other Specified Place Unspecified				City Where Injury Occurred						
Work Related?							Type of I	njury	/	Intent
Y / N		Wa	Was patient extricated?		Blunt Penetrating Burn			Intentional, Self-Inflicted Intentional, Assault		
		Y / N	Y / N minutes							
Occupation					TBSA %		_	Accidental		
Was patient intubat	ed?	Protective Devices		E	Blunt Injury	Cau	ıse	Penetrating Injury Cause		
Y / N Time::					Motor Vehicle Crash - driver - passenger Fall			Knife Handgun		
# OF ATTEMPTS		None Airbag front								
# OF ATTEMPTS	_		side		Assault Motorcycle/ATV/Snowmobile Pedestrian Bicycle / Moped Horse Related			Shotgun Rifle Other		
Nasal ETT Oral E	TT		curtain Seatbelt Helmet				nobile			
King Tube Cricothyroton	ny	Seatbelt								
Combitube Other		Childseat	Oth	er		Other				
Tin	16	Scone	Vital Sigi	ns			GCS Eye O	neni	'na	GCS Verbal Response
		300776	Thai Oigi			1 No	ne	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9	1 None
Dispatched::		Time:	:_			2 To I 3 To \	/oice			2 Incomprehensible Sounds3 Inappropriate Words
En Route::		SpO2				4 Spontaneous			4 Confused 5 Oriented	
		Pulse Rate								
Leave Scene:: Arrive Hospital::		Respiratory Rate			GCS Motor Response None Extension Flexion Withdraws Localizes		onse	GCS Total		
•		Systolic Blood								
	Pressure									
Amount EMS IV Fluid		Tomperatur	·			6 Ob	eys			
Memo/Pertinent Detail	ls									e Criteria Used for Trauma m Activation from Field
								F	Physiolog	
									-	m of Injury Age

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT	Physician Name/Specialty	Time Time Called Arrived	Was patient previously admitted to hospital for this injury?	Trauma Team Activated? Y / N Time::
Patient Arrival		_ _:	Y / N	
Date://				CT Scan
Time::				Time::
Were paralytic agents utilized? Y / N	Was patient intubated? Y / N # OF ATTEMPTS Method Nasal ETT Oral ETT Cricothyrotomy King Tube	Time: Combitube Other	Trauma Flowsheet Used? Y / N	Location Head Neck Thorax Abdomen Pelvis Other
Vital Signs Time:: Initial ED Temperature Route:	Blood Products Received Number PRBC FFP	Blood Alcohol Content Not Done None Detected	Drug Screen Not Done Cannabis Cocaine Narcotics Benzodiazepine	None Detected Barbiturates PCP Amphetamines Other
SpO2 Pulse Rate	If admitted; Admitting MD	Specialty	Data Laft ED:	, ,
Resp Rate	General Surgery Orthor	pedics	Date Left ED:	
Systolic BP Dismissal Temp	Family Practice International Control of the	al Medicine	Time Left ED Type of ED IV Flu Amount of ED IV	id
GCS Eye Opening 1 None 2 To Pain 3 To Voice 4 Spontaneous	GCS Verbal Response 1 None 2 Incomprehensible Sounds 3 Inappropriate Words 4 Confused 5 Oriented	Post ED Destination Cir Admitted to:: OR Home Morgue/Time of Death: *Transferred to: Acute Care Jail/Prison Other	e Facility Bu	ırn Center tilled Nursing Facility
GCS Motor Response 1 None 2 Extension 3 Flexion 4. Withdraws 5. Localizes 6. Obeys	GCS Total	*Facility Name and How To Circle one: ground ambulance air-fixed wing other	helicopter private vehicle	
Memo/Pertinent Detail	ls			

OUTCOME	Date of Discharg	re://	Pre-E	kisting Diseases / Conditions:		
	Time of Discharg	ge::				
		Payor Source(s) (select	up to two)			
Automotive	Champus	Commercial HMO	Indiar	n Health Services Medicare	•	
Medicaid	Self Pay	Workmans' Comp No Charge	/Write Off Blue	Cross/Blue Shield		
		PROCEDURES / TIME	PERFORM	MED		
EMS PROCED		ED Procedures			Time	
Airway	Time:		Time			
Bag Valve Mask	:	Airway		Expose (Temperature	Control)	
Combitube	:	Bag Valve Mask Ventilation	:	Warming Measures	:	
ETT	:	Combitube	:			
Cric King tube	:	Endotracheal Intubation	:	Secondary Survey		
Other	:	Tracheostomy or Cricothyrotor	ny:	X-ray (Circle applicable ones)	:	
		King Tube	:	Chest, C-Spine, Pelvis,		
Cervical Spine	Time	Other	:	Other		
				Splinting	:	
Cervical Collar/Backboa	rd:	Cervical Spine	Time	Naso- or Oro-gastric Tube	:	
Breathing	Time	Cervical Collar/ Backboard	:	Foley Catheter	:	
Pulse Oximetry Oxygen	: :			Wound Care	:	
Oxygen Route		Breathing	Time	Other:		
Circulation	Time	Pulse Oximetry	:			
	_	Oxygen	:			
Cardiac monitor	:	Oxygen Route				
IV, peripheral	:	Arterial Blood Gases	:			
IV, intraosseous CPR	:	Thoracostomy, Needle	:			
Expose	·	Chest Tube Insertion	:			
Warming Measures						
Splinting	·	Circulation				
Wound Care	·	ECG Monitor	:			
Tround Odio	·	IV, Peripheral	:			
		IV, Central Line	:			
		IV, Intraosseous	:			
		Baseline Lab	:			
		CPR	:			
		Suture Laceration	:			

ANATOMICAL DIAGNOSES	Loss of Consciousness?	Y / N	Duration of Coma:	Hours / Minutes			
Complete Description of Diagnoses, Potential/Actual Injuries							

Completion Instructions for Trauma Registry Paper Date Abstract Form:

- a. Circle a response do not leave any items blank.
- b. If you have no information for this item, write 'unk' for unknown.
- c. If the item does not apply to this patient, write 'NA' for not applicable.
- d. For **Memo/Pertinent Detail fields –** complete with any information you feel would be needed to document care given.

Column I

Column II

PRIMARY criteria for inclusion

MUST have Discharge diagnosis of <u>injuries</u> (ICD-9 codes between 800.0 - 959.9)

→AND Must have one or more from Column II

These injuries are also included:

All patients with burns and a trauma mechanism of injury or meeting severity criteria for referral by the American Burn Association or;

994.0 - lightning 994.8 - electrical current

All patients with anoxic brain injuries <u>due to a trauma</u> <u>mechanism of injury:</u>

994.1 - drowning;

994.7 - asphyxiation and strangulation: suffocated by - cave in, constriction, pressure, strangulation, mechanical, bed clothes, plastic bag

All patients that initiated <u>FULL</u>
<u>or PARTIAL</u> Trauma Team
Activation at your facility

All patients hospitalized at your facility for 48 hours or more

All patients with admission to an Intensive Care Unit at your facility

All patients who die in your facility, including those who die in the Emergency Department

All patients transferred to another facility for evaluation/treatment not available at your facility

All pediatric patients with injuries between the ages of 0-4 admitted to the facility (even if not for 48hrs or longer)

Open long bone fractures taken to surgery at your facility within 24 hours of arrival at your facility

All patients taken to surgery at your facility for intracranial, intra-thoracic, intra-abdominal, or vascular surgery

Exclusions

These are <u>not</u> eligible;

Late effects of trauma, Injury codes 905-909, ("Late effects" should be documented as such by the physician)

Hip fractures resulting from falls from same height (without other significant injuries)

(Injury codes 820 – 821) Isolated hip fractures/femoral neck fractures when coded with:

(E884.2) - fall from a chair,

(E884.3) - fall from wheelchair,

(E884.4) - fall from bed,

(E884.5) - fall from other furniture,

(E884.6) - fall from commode,

(E885) - fall from same level from slipping, tripping, or stumbling

Unilateral pubic rami fractures resulting from falls from same height (without other significant injuries)

Single-system orthopedic injuries (except femur fractures)

Amputations distal to ankle/wrist NOT admitted to your facility for ≥ 48 hours

Transfers with previous trauma, but now admitted for medical reasons not associated with the trauma or those transferred for personal convenience

Transfers from another facility not meeting inclusion criteria (isolated hip fx/fall from same height, etc.)

Poisoning

Hypothermia and other cold injuries (with no associated trauma) Unless Trauma Team Activation

Bites - <u>insects, snakes</u> (envenomation injuries)

Chronic subdural hematoma

Anoxic brain injuries due to nontrauma mechanism of asphyxia:

- Carbon monoxide
- Inhalation food/ foreign bodies, other gases, fumes, vapors